

NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2021

**NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
North American Native Plant Society

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of North American Native Plant Society which comprises the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of North American Native Plant Society as at December 31, 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Jeffrey D. Milgram, CPA, CA, LPA.

Matter of Emphasis

As further detailed in Note 7 of these financial statements, the Organization has had to cancel certain events and has ceased some aspects of its operations effective March 13, 2020, in response to the Coronavirus -19 pandemic (Covid-19).



JEFFREY D. MILGRAM PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
Authorized to practise public accounting by
The Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

TORONTO, ONTARIO
JUNE 28, 2022

**NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	<u>2021</u> \$	<u>2020</u> \$
Balance, beginning of year	181,034	174,670
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	<u>36,714</u>	<u>6,364</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>217,748</u>	<u>181,034</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$	\$
REVENUE		
Donations and Membership:		
Donations	11,177	10,970
Membership	<u>15,471</u>	<u>12,391</u>
	<u>26,648</u>	<u>23,361</u>
Interest and other:		
Fundraising	-	1,350
Interest	813	1,126
Other	<u>581</u>	<u>933</u>
	<u>1,394</u>	<u>3,409</u>
Earned revenue:		
Sales (Note 5)	11,445	788
Less: Cost of goods sold	<u>6,458</u>	<u>1,967</u>
Gross profit margin	<u>4,987</u>	<u>(1,179)</u>
Grants	<u>49,100</u>	-
	<u>82,129</u>	<u>25,591</u>
EXPENSES		
Advertising and promotion	-	50
Bank charges	803	735
Consulting fees	26,735	550
Insurance	1,594	1,588
Office and general	2,753	2,870
Printing and mailing	6,904	5,902
Professional fees	4,761	5,597
Projects	925	664
Property taxes	<u>939</u>	<u>1,271</u>
	<u>45,415</u>	<u>19,227</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES		
FOR THE YEAR	<u>36,714</u>	<u>6,364</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$	\$
FUNDS PROVIDED BY:		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating activities		
Excess of revenue over expenses	36,714	6,364
Adjustments:		
Loss on donation of assets	-	-
Deferred revenue - recognition of prior year receipts	<u>(13,293)</u>	<u>(10,911)</u>
	23,421	(4,547)
Accounts receivable	1,403	5,574
Government rebate receivable	(2,362)	
Prepays	(41)	470
Accounts payable	(501)	(51)
Deferred revenue - current year	<u>18,161</u>	<u>13,293</u>
NET FUNDS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>40,081</u>	<u>19,286</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Short-term investment	(11)	-
Long-term investment	<u>11</u>	<u>12,004</u>
NET FUNDS PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>-</u>	<u>12,004</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	40,081	26,743
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	<u>84,056</u>	<u>57,313</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	<u>124,137</u>	<u>84,056</u>
COMPRISED AS FOLLOWS:		
Cash and equivalents held in Canadian funds	111,741	71,927
Cash and equivalents held in United States funds	78	126
Cash and equivalents held in broker trust funds	12,318	-
Investment certificate	<u>-</u>	<u>12,003</u>
Cash and equivalents at end of year	<u>124,137</u>	<u>84,056</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021

1. Organization

Purpose – The North American Native Plant Society (NANPS) is a volunteer-operated registered charitable organization concerned with preserving native plant habitat in wild areas and restoring indigenous flora to developed areas. Our key purpose is to provide information and inspire an appreciation of native plants with an aim to restoring healthy ecosystems across the North American continent. It is the belief of NANPS that nature belongs in urban, suburban, and rural areas as much as in remote areas.

The North American Native Plant Society was incorporated, without share capital, by letters patent, under the Federal laws of Canada, and operates since January 1, 1987 as a registered charitable organization, which is exempt from income tax in Canada as a registered charitable organization entity under Section 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act of Canada.

Accounting Framework – The Organization prepares its financial statements in accordance with the Institute of Chartered Professional Accountant’s (CPA, Canada) Handbook, Part III, Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the organization are in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year. Outlined below are those policies considered particularly significant.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis recognizes revenues, as they are earned and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipts of goods and services and the creation of legal obligation to pay.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Bank and equivalents include cash on hand, current bank deposits and investment with a maturity of 90 days or less from the year end date.

Investments

Investments with maturities of greater than 90 days but less than one year from the year-end date are classified as short term investments. Those investments whose maturity exceeds 365 days, are classified as long term. Due to the low interest rates at which the investments are placed, and that maturity for most of the investments held is reached in under 365 days, management has estimated that the fair value of the financial instruments approximates their stated value plus accrued interest to the year end date.

NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021

2. Significant Accounting Policies – Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets owned by the Organization pertain to two real property holdings. Those assets are carried at either purchased or donated cost; as applicable, with no requirement to provide for amortization on the land value. Currently, the Organization does not hold any depreciable assets.

Income Recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Revenues generated from sponsorships, advertising, publication and general sales are recognized as revenue as received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Revenues pertaining to memberships are recognized when paid. Memberships are based on the calendar year and terminate on December 31st.

Interest is recognized as earned.

Contributed Services

Donations of materials which are not normally purchased by the Organization are not recorded in the accounts. The work of the Organization is also heavily dependent on the voluntary service of its members. Since these services are not normally purchased by the Organization, and because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, the value of donated volunteer services is not recognized in these statements.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reported period. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known.

During the year management booked estimates to the accounts pertaining to the prepaid expenses, and certain payables and accrued liabilities.

NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021

2. Significant Accounting Policies – Continued

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

(i) Measurement of financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statements of operations in the period incurred. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and short term income investments. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and deferred revenues.

(ii) Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Organization assesses whether there are any indications that a financial asset measured at amortized cost may be impaired. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Organization, including but not limited to the following events: significant financial difficulty of the issuer; a breach of contract, bankruptcy or other financial indicators indicating distress relating to the item valued.

When there is an indication of impairment, the Organization determines whether a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset.

When the Organization identifies a significant adverse change in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from a financial asset, it reduces the carrying amount of the asset to the highest of the following:

- a) the present value of the cash flows expected to be generated by holding the asset discounted using a current market rate of interest appropriate to the asset;
- b) the amount that could be realized by selling the asset at the statement of financial position date; and
- c) the amount the Organization expects to realize by exercising its rights to any collection action less the costs necessary to exercise those actions.

NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021

2. Significant Accounting Policies – Continued

(ii) Impairment - Continued

When the Organization determines an adjustment to the carrying value is required, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in the statements of operations. When the extent of impairment of a previously written-down asset decreases and the decrease can be related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statements of operations in the period the reversal occurs.

Income Taxes

The Organization is registered as a charitable organization under the Income Tax Act ("the Act") and as such is exempt from income taxes and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes. In order to maintain its status as a registered charity under the Act, the Organization must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

3. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair market value which has been estimated as cost plus accrued interest to the year end date.

As at December 31, 2021, short term investment holdings of the Organization consist of the following holdings:

	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Terms</u>	<u>Face Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
				\$	\$
GIC: Bank of Nova Scotia	30/11/22	2.65%	Paid at Maturity	<u>12,000</u>	<u>12,024</u>

As at December 31, 2020, long term investment holdings of the Organization consist of the following holdings:

	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Terms</u>	<u>Face Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
				\$	\$
GIC: Bank of Nova Scotia	30/10/23	1.82%	Paid at Maturity	12,000	12,038
GIC: Bank of Nova Scotia	12/01/24	.15%-4.0%	Paid at Maturity	<u>12,005</u>	<u>12,022</u>
				<u>24,005</u>	<u>24,060</u>

NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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4. Property

The Organization holds title to two parcels of land in Ontario with an aggregated cost of \$75,325 which are held for purposes of conservation and education.

5. Sales

The Organization holds annual plant sales as its main fundraising activity each year; however, due to the Covid-19 pandemic and restrictions around gatherings of multiple individuals, the 2020 annual plant sale was cancelled. In fiscal 2021, the plant sale was primarily facilitated by on-line pre-ordered sales and pick up; along with, some limited in-person attendance at select locations.

6. Risk

General

The Organization holds financial assets in the form of cash, both short and long term investments in a guaranteed investment certificates and accounts receivable. It is management's opinion that the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their stated values, plus accrued interest where applicable, due to the short term to maturity for all items held at year end. Long term investment certificates are held in the form of a series of laddered rolling investments, the interest rate for which is renegotiated and updated on each anniversary date to current market rates, accordingly, management believes this process reflects the estimated current discounted value and fair value of the investment held.

The Organization also holds financial liabilities in the form of accounts payable and accrued liabilities. As with the financial assets, fair value and stated value approximate each other at year end due to the short term to maturity of the liabilities and debts held at December 31, 2021.

Liquidity

The Organization manages its liquidity risk by monitoring actual and projected cash flows, from general operations and fundraising events, to ensure that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the future cash flows or the fair value of financial instruments.

NORTH AMERICAN NATIVE PLANT SOCIETY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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6. Risk - Continued

Interest Rate Risk - Continued

Interest rate risk arises when the organization invests in interest-bearing financial instruments. The organization is exposed to the risk that the value of such financial instruments will fluctuate due to the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

As at the end of the current fiscal year, the Organization held interest bearing investments in the form of guaranteed investment certificates as described in Note 3 and is therefore subject to the risk associated with interest rate changes.

While the risk of future cash flows from the investments held will accordingly increase or decrease with the changes to the market rate of interest on similar investments, some of these investments are fully cashable or are held for periods of time just extending beyond one year which does not preclude management from reinvesting at a more favourable rate, and accordingly, minimizing the exposure to interest rate risk on these investment vehicles.

Other Risks

It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant currency, credit, interest or market risks arising from the financial instruments held.

7. Matter of Emphasis - Covid – 19

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization characterized the outbreak of a strain of the novel coronavirus (Covid-19) as a global pandemic, which resulted in a series of public health and emergency measures to be put in place to combat the spread of the virus. As a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, publicly and privately funded organizations operating in the Greater Toronto Area were forced to close and cease active operations on March 13, 2020. In accordance with public health regulations, the Organization ceased all in-person events and meetings at that time, including its 2020 fiscal annual plant sale (Note 5), which is the Organization's major fundraising revenue stream. Management of the organization, and publication of the newsletter continued along with other membership services which are provided through virtual on-line formats. With the post year end lifting of Covid-19 health restriction, the Organization was able to hold the 2021 annual plant sale; though in-person attendance was limited.

The Organization continues to manage and respond to Covid-19; however, there are no assurances that further restrictions will not be imposed on the Organization in future periods. The duration and impact of the Covid-19 pandemic is unknown at this time, and it is not possible to reliably estimate the impact that the severity and length of the pandemic will have on the financial results of the Organization in future periods.