Pollinators come in many forms
In addition to bees and butterflies, other insects, birds, and small mammals play a pollinating role.

Pollinators have co-evolved with native plants
Many species are specialists, depending on specific plants for food and to lay their eggs.

And so do pollinator gardens
Considering your garden’s soil type, sunlight, and moisture level will help you determine which plant species will thrive.

There is a plant for every condition
Don’t be discouraged by shade or poor soil. A little research will help identify the right plants for you.

Diversity matters
A garden featuring a range of colours, shapes, scents, and bloom times will attract a variety of pollinators and provide food sources year round.

Pollinator gardening isn’t hard
Native plants are adapted to local conditions (e.g. rainfall) so require less maintenance once established.

Locally sourced plants are best
These will adapt most easily to local soil and moisture conditions.

You don’t need a lot of space to make a difference
Try replacing a small patch of lawn or adding a container on your balcony.

Or a lot of funds to get started
Starting your plants from seed will lower costs. There are many resources available to show you how.

Did you know?

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Learn about our Seed Exchange and view our pollinator gardening guide at www.nanps.org
This tip sheet was made possible by a grant from TD Friends of the Environment Foundation.